DISNEY KINDERGARTEN AND PRIMARY SCHOOL Tuesday, 31st March, 2020.

Name	Name:						
Arranging words in alphabetical order using the second letter.							
Exam	ples						
1.0	ook, car, c	up, child					
	car, child,	coo	k, cu	р			
2. c	dress, doll, d	ark, dish					
	dark, c	lish,	doll,	dress			
	ige words ir mone	=		_	the second	d letter.	
(b)	stool ,	scale	, small ,	skill			
(c)	top ,	tap ,	tell , tip				
(d)	rope ,	robe ,	rest , ı	rabbit			
(e)	goal	, get	, gill , g	green			
(f) -	bell ,	band ,	bill , k	OOW			_

Wednesday, 1st April, 2020.

Name:
Vocabulary grandmother, nephew, niece, grandmother, uncle, aunt, cousin, sister, brother, parents Study the picture below and answer the questions in full sentences.
<u>Questions</u>
1. How many people are shown in the picture?
3. What activity is taking place in the picture?
4. What time of the day is the above event happening?
5. Which type of family is shown in the picture?
6. Write any two members found in the above family.
7. Name any two members not found in the above type of family.

Thursday, 2nd April, 2020.

Name:
Draw your family members in the space provided and write about your family.

Friday, 3rd April, 2020

Name:	
EXERCISE	
1. Fill in the gaps correctly.	
a) br_th_r	
b) unle	
c) moth_r	
d) sistr	
e) d_ugh_er	
2. Arrange the letters to make	correct words.
a) anut	d) scouin
b) ons	e) thfaer
c) encie	f) phenwe
3. Make sentences using these	e words.
a) grandfather	
b) daughter	
c) niece	
4. Form small words from the big	ones.
a) mother	
b) grandfather	
5. Answer correctly.	
a) The brother of your mother is y	your
b) A is your u	ncle's or aunt's child.
c) Your father calls your sister his	·
d)An	is made up of father, mother, their
biological children and relatives.	

Monday, 6th April, 2020

Name:
Structures
Usingand to join sentences
Examples 1. Ethan is a boy. Nethan is a boy. Ethan and Nethan are boys.
She has a sister. She has a brother.She has a sister and a brother.
Bob is playing with his brother. Mark is playing with his brother.Bob and Mark are playing with their brothers.
Exercise Join the sentences usingand 1. Paul went to Kenya. Andrew went to Kenya.
2. Kampala city is big. Kampala is clean.
3. Peter has cough. Peter has flu.
4. Simon is my friend. John is my friend.
5. She has a bag. She has a set.
6. He sells flowers. He sells fruits.
7. Teacher Sharlotte teaches us English. Teacher Sharlotte teaches us Maths.

Tuesday, 7thApril, 2020.

Vocabulary: Read and learn these words to heart.
under, near, because, between, in front, above, over, against Structures
Using but to join sentences
Examples
1. The farmer is poor. The farmer is honest.
The farmer is poor but honest.
2. The children are sick. They look healthy.
The children are sick but they look healthy.
The children are sick but look healthy.
Exercise
Join the sentences usingbut
1. Tom has a lot of money. He does not have a car.
2. The dog barks so loudly. The dog does not bite.
3. Pamela is slow. She is sure.
4. Betty bought butter. The butter was bitter.
5. Maria is rich. She is sad.
6. I came to school early. I did not see the headmaster.

Wednesday, 8th April, 2020.

Name:
Read the story and answer the questions in full sentences.
Kakembo and his wife.
Once upon a time, in a town of Natete, there lived a man called Kakembo. He stayed with his wife Nandawula. Kakembo was not a good man. He used to steal people's things in that town. He used to steal cows, hens, bananas and vegetables. Nandawula told Kakembo to stop stealing.
One day, Kakembo stole a radio from a neighbour's house. His wife quarreled and later they started to fight. The neighbours heard them and ran to separate them. Police came and arrested Kakembo. Questions
1. What is the story about?
2. Who is Kakembo's wife?
3. Why was Kakembo not a good man?
4. Write any one thing Kakembo stole.
5. Where did Nandawula live?
6. Why do you think Kakembo and his wife fought?
7. Form two small words from the word "heard".

Thursday, 9th April, 2020.

Name:				
Vocabulary: Read and learn these words.				
cleaned, washed, prayed, written, danced, played, combed, cooked				
Pronouns A pronoun is a word that takes the place of a noun or a word used to replace a noun.				
Personal pronouns are the words used inste animals. Examples : -	ad of names of people or			
pronouns in singular she, he, him, I, it, me, her, you	pronouns in plural us, we, they, you, them			
<u>Exercise</u>				
Underline the pronouns in each of these ser	<u>ntences</u>			
1. David's mother gave him a new bag.				
2. Linda said that she was hungry.				
3. We came to school to learn.				
4. Would you like another cup of tea?				
5. Mary gave her friend a new pen.				
6. Tom showed me a big house.				
7. She is a beautiful girl.				
Re-write the sentences giving the personal word.	pronoun for the underlined			
1. <u>Raizel</u> came to school.				
2. <u>The dog</u> barked so loudly.				
3. <u>Mary and I</u> were playing netball.				
4. <u>All the children</u> went for a short holiday.				

Friday, 10th April, 2020.

Name:				
Spelling: walk, sweep, clean, wash, pray, write, dance				
Possessive pronouns				
Examples : my, his, mine, her, hers, it, its, our, ours, their, theirs, us, your,				
yours etc.				
Identifying possessive pronouns in the sentences e.g. 1. This is my pencil. It is mine.				
2. That house belongs to Kipsiro. It is <u>his.</u>				
3. This is our dog. It is ours.				
Exercise				
Fill in the gaps correctly				
1. He promised to help me with pen.				
2. Primary two west is class.				
3. Those cows belong to them. They are				
4. This is Mr. Ntambi's school. It is				
5. These are your shoes. They are				
6. These are my children. They are				
Write meaningful sentences using these words.				
a) mine				
b) theirs				
c) ours				
d) its				

Monday, 20th April, 2020.

Name			
Check your tenses!			
Change the words in bracket to complete the sentences correctly.			
1. Waswa	football every day. (play)		
2. Elizabeth	her teeth every morning. (brush)		
3. She is	cassava. (peel)		
4. Rowena	a basket to the market every weekend.		
(carry)			
5. Jerry is	(write)		
6. It	heavily last night. (rain)		
7. They	the young boy last month. (kidnap)		
8. We	food very late last night. (eat)		
9.1	a cake for my birthday. (bake)		

Complete the table below.

verb	present simple tense	present continuous tense	past simple tense
come	comes	coming	came
go		going	
pray		praying	
sweep	sweeps		
	keeps	keeping	
тор		mopping	
teach			
	catches		caught
	shuts		shut